Lady's New-years Gift:

# A D V I C E D A C C I C E E E

Under these following Heads L. Fig.

Servanes, Servanes, Servanes, Servanes, and Behaviour and

Friends 1881 Censure, 1881 Vanity and Assessation,

Conversation Dancing

LONDON.

Printed, and are to be fold b

Randal Taylor near Statemen

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## Lady's New-years Gift:

OR,

# ADVICE

DAUGHTER,

Under these following Heads: Viz.

Religions,
Husband,
Children,
Servants,
Behaviour and
Conversation,
Conversation,
Diversions,
Dancing.

#### LONDON,

Printed, and are to be fold by Randal Taylor near Stationers
Hall. 1688.

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First Clay 2-1 august Call Inc. 1 august Call Inc.

Lady's New-years Gift:

OR,

# ADVICE

TOA

## DAUGHTER

#### INTRODUCTION.

Dear Daughter,

I Find, that even our most pleasing Thoughts will be unquiet; they will be in B motion;

motion; and the Mind can have no rest whilst it is posfess'd by a darling Passion. You are at present the chief Object of my Care, as well as of my Kindness, which fometimes throweth me into Visions, Visions of your being happy in the World, that are better suited to my partial Wishes, than to my reasonahle Hopes for you. At other times, when my Fears prevail, I thrink as if I were struck at the prospect of Danger, to which a young Woman must be exposed. By how much the more Lively, fo much the more Liable you are to be hurt; as the finest Plants are foonest nipped by the Fraft. Whilst you are playing

ing full of Innocence, the spiteful World will bite, except you are guarded by your Cantion. Want of Care therefore, my dear Child, is never to be excus'd; since, as to this World, it hath the same effect as want of Vertue. Such an early sprouting Wit requireth to be so much the more sheltred by some Rules, like something strewd on tender Flowers to preferve them from being blasted. You must take it well to be prun'd by fo kind a Hand as that of a Father. There may be some birterness in meer Obedience: The natural love of Liberty may help to make the Commands of a Parent harder to go B 2 down.

#### Advice to a Dangeter.

flance there will be, where Power and not Choice maketh us move; but where a Father layeth afide his Authority, and perfuadeth only by his Kindness, you will never answer to Good Nature, if it hath not weight with you.

faid in the following Diffeourse may be above the present Growth of your Understanding; but becoming every day taller; will in a little time reach up to it, so as to make it easie to you. I am willing to begin with you before your Mind is quite form'd, that being the time in which it is most capable

pable of receiving a Colour that will dast when it is mix'd with it. Few things are well learnt, but by early Precepts: Those well infus'd, make them Natural; and we are never fure of retaining what is valuable, till by a continuals Habit we have made it a Piece of us.

Whether my Skill can draw the Picture of a fine Woman, may be a Question; but it can be none, That I have drawn that of a kind Father. If you will take an exact Copy, I will so far presone upon my Workmanship, as to undertake you shall not make an ill Figure. Give me so much Credit as to try, and I am sure that neither

## 6 Advice to a Daughter.

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tween the Reality and the
Presence R heim dock no.

gend N. O. I a. H. L. A. Reter

The first thing to be consider'd, is Religion: It must be the chief Object of your Thoughts, since it would be a vain thing to direct your Behaviour in the World, and forget that which you are to have towards him who made it. In a strict sense, it is the only thing necessary: You must take it into your Mind, and thence throw it into your Heart, where you are to embrace it so

fo elofe as never to lofe the Possession of it. But then it is necessary to distinguish between the Reality and the Pretence. Religion doth not consist in believing the Legend of the Nursery, where Children with their Milk are fed with the Tales of Witches, Hobgoblins, Prophecies, and Miracles. We fuck in so greedily these early Mistakes, that our riper Understanding bath much ado to cleanse our Minds from this kind of Trash: The Stories are fo entertaining, that we do not only believe them, but relate them; which makes the discovery of the Truth somewhat grievous, when it makes us lose such a Field

## 8 Advice to a Danghter.

of Imperimence, where we night have diverted our felves, besides the shame thrown upon us for having ever received them. This is making the Word a Jest, and imputing to God Almighty, That the Province he affigneth to the Devil, is to play at Blind-mans-buff, and fliew Tricks with Mankind ; and is fo far from being Religion, that it is not Senfe, and hath right only to be call'd that kind of Devotion of which Ignorance is the undoubted Mother. Without comperition or dispute, these Disputes are therefore to be left off with your Hangingfleeves; and you ought to be as much out of countenance

nance to be found with them about you, as to be feen playing with Babies, at an Age when other things are

expected from you.

The next thing to be obferv d to you, is, That Religion doth as little confift in loud Answers and devout Convulsions at Church, or Praying in an extraordinary manner. Some Ladies are for extreme stirring at Church, one would fwear, the Worms in their Conscience made them to unquiet. Others will have such a Divided Face, between a Devout Goggle and an Inviting Glance, that the unnatural Mixture maketh even their best Looks to be at that time ridiculous. These

affected Appearances are ever suspected, like very strong Persumes, which are generally thought no very good Symptoms in those that make use of them. Let your earnestness therefore be reserved for your Closet, where you may have God Almighty to your self: In Publick be still and calm, neither indecently Careless, or Affected in the other Extreme.

It is not true Devotion, to put on our angry Zeal against those who may be of a different Persuasion. Partiality to our selves makes us often mistake it for a Duty, to fall hard upon others, without cause; and being pushed on with Self-conceit,

we firike without mercy Believing that the Wounds' we give are Meritorious, and that we are fighting God Almighty's Quartel; when the truth is, we are only fetting out our felves. Our Devotion too often breaketh out into that Shape which most agreeth with our particular Temper. The Cholerick grow into a hardned Severity against all who diffent from them, fratch at all the Texts of Scripture that fuit with, their Complexion; and because God's Wrath was forme time kindled, they conclude, That Anger is a Divine Vertue; and are to far froth magining that their ill-natur'd Zeal requireth an Apology, that they

### 12 Advice) to a Daughter.

they value themselves upon its Others, whole Nature is more Credulous than ordipary admit no Bounds or Measures to it they grow as proud of extending their Faith, as Princes are of enlarging their Dominions 5) not donfidering, that our Faith, dike our Stomach, is capable of being over-charg'd sand that as the Last is destroyd by taking in more than vit can digeft, so our Reason may be extinguish'd by oppressing it with the weight of stoo many frange things ; especially if we are forbidden to chew what we are commanded to fwallow. The Melancholy and the Sullen are apt to place a great part of their Religion

Religion in Dejected and HIhumour'd Looks, putting on an unfociable Face, and declaring against the Innocent Entertainments of Life, with as much harpness as they could bestow upon the greatest Crimer. This generally is only a Wizard, there is feldomany thing red in it. No other bihing is when better for Being Saures and dit would be hard that Religion should be for which is the beft enlingspring the deciled mean time ou may be faid with trathid That this charly kind of Devotion whatly perhaps done little less thurt in the World, by feighting, than the most scandalous Examples have done by infecting it. Having

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Having told you, in these few Instances, to which many more might have been added, what is not true Religion; it is time to describe to you, what is fo. The ordinary Definitions are no more like it, than the common Sign-posts are like the Princes they would reprefent ; the unskilful Dawbers in all Ages have laid on fuch ill Colours, and drawn fuch harsh Lines, that the Beauty of it is not easily to be difcover'd: They have put in all the forbidden Features that can be thought of; and, in the first place, have made it an irreconcileable Enemy to Nature; when, in reality, they are not only Friends, but

but Twins, born together at the same time; and it is doing violence to them both, to go about to have them feparated. Nothing is fo kind and fo inviting as true and unfophificated Religion: In stead of imposing unneceffary Burdens upon our Nature, it eafeth us of the greater weight of our Pallaons and Mistakes: In Read of subduing us with Rigour, it redeemeth us from the Slavery we are in to our felves, who are the most severe Masters, whilst we are under the Usurpation of our Appetites let loose and unreftrain'd. Land in the

Religion is a chearful thing, so far from being always at

#### 16 Advice od a Daughter.

Cufficwith Good Humons, that it is inseparably united to it. Nothing unpleasant berilough to that Cooks have done their part to give an ill Relife to it. A wise Epiture would be Religious for the sake of Pleasure: Good Sense is the Foundation of both; and he is a Bungler who aimeth at Lincoln, but where they are joyn di

Religion is exalted Reason, reshid and sisted from the großer part of it: It dwelleth in the upper Region of the Mind, where there are sew Glonds and Mists to darken or offend it: It is both the Foundation and the Crown of all Vertues: It is Morality.

#### RELIGION 17

Merality improved and raised to its height, by being earried nearer Heaven, the only place where our Perfection relideth. It elevateth the Understanding, and brusheth off the Earth that hangeth about our Souls .. It doth not want the Hopes and the Terrors which are made use of to support it is neither ought it to descend to the borrowing any Argument out of it felf, fince there we may find every thing that should invite us, if we were to be hired to Religion. It is able to out-bid the cort rupted World, with all it can offer to us, being fo much the Richer to us in every thing where Reason is admitted

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ted to be Judge of the Value. Since this is so, it is worth your pains to make Religion your Choice, and not make use of it only as a Refuge.

There are Ladies, who finding by their too visible decay of their good looks, that they can shine no more by that Light, put on the Varnish of an affected Devotion, to keep up some kind of Figure in the World; they take Sanctuary in the Church, when they are purfued by growing Contempt, which will not be Stopt, but followeth them to the Altar; fuch late penitence is only a disguise for the tormenting grief of being no more handsom, that is the killing thought which draweth

eth the fighs and tears, that appear outwardly to be ap-

plied to a better end.

There are many who have an Agnish Devotion, Hot and Cold Fits, long Intermissions, and violent Raptures; this unevenness is by all means to be avoided: let your method be a steady course of good Life, that may run like a fmooth Stream, and be a perpetual Spring to furnish to the continued Exercise of Vertue. Your Devotion may, must be earnest, but it must be unconstrained, and like other Duties; you must make it your Pleasure too, or else it will have but very little effect cacy; by this Rule you may best judge of your own Heart ;

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Heart ; whilft thefe Duties are Joys, it is an Evidence of their being fincere, but when they are a Penance, itsis a fign that your Nature maketh some refistance ; and while that lasteth, you call never be entirely fecure of exposid, and will balls ruoy bulf you are often unquiet; and too onearly touched by the cross Accidents of Life, your Devotion is not of the right Standard there is woo much Allayin it. That which is right and unmixid caketh away the Sting of every thing that would trouble your : Is It is like a healing Balm, that extinguished the sharpness of the Blood 3 fo this fortneth andddillidiveth the Augus boof the

the Minds A devout Mind hath this Privilege, of being free from Passion, as some Climates are from all manner of venomous kind of Creat tures; it will raise you above the little Vexations to which others, for want of it, will be expos'd, and will bring you to a Temper, not of Rupid Indifference, but of such a wife Resignation, that you may live in the World, so as it may hang about you like a loofe Garment, and not tied tooklofe to you. bas sign a mTake heed of running into that common Error cof applying God's Judgments up on Occasions. Our Weights and Measures are not compes tent to make the Dilliburi-

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on either of his Mercy or his Justice: He hath thrown a Veil over these things, which makes it not only an Impertinence, but a kind of Sacrilege, for us to give Sentence in them, without his Commis-

fion.

As to your particular Faith. keep to the Religion that is grown up with you, both as it is the best in it self, and that the Reason of staying upon that Ground is fomewhat stronger for your Sex, than it will perhaps be allow'd to be for ours; in respect that the Voluminous Enquiries into the Truth, by Reading, are less expected from you. The Best of Books will be Direction enough to you not

not to change; and whilft you are fix'd and sufficiently confirm'd in your own Mind, you'll do best to keep vain Doubts and Scruples at such a distance, that they may give you no disquiet. Let me recommend to you a Method of being rightly inform'd, which can never fail; it is in short this: Get Understanding, and practise Vertue; and if you are so Blessed as to have these for your Share, it is not furer that there is a God, than it is, that by him all Necessary Truths will be revealed to you. during our yours are personal

HUSBAND which is the factor

Series Series

#### HUSBAND.

HAT which challengeth the next place in your Thoughts, is, How to live with a Husband: And though that is so large a Word, that few Rules can be fix'd to it which are unchangeable, the Methods being as various as the Tempers of Men to which they must be suited; yet I cannot omit some General Observations, which, with the help of your own, may the better direct you in the part of your Life upon which your Happiness most dependeth. It

It is one of the Disadvantages belonging to your Sex, that young Women are seldom permitted to make their own Choice; their Friends Care and Experience are thought fafer Guides to them, than their own Funcies; and their Modesty often forbiddeth them to refuse when their Parents recommend, though their inward Consent may not entirely go along with it: In this case there remaineth nothing for them to do, but to endeavour to make that easie which falleth to their Lot, and by a wife use of every thing they may dislike in a Husband, turn that by degrees to be very supportable, which,

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which, if neglected, might in

You must first lay it down for a Foundation in general, That there is Inequality in Sexes, and that for the better Oeconomy of the World; the Men, who were to be the Law-givers, had the larger share of Reason bestow'd upon them; by which means your Sex is the better prepar'd for the Compliance that is necessary for the performance of those Duties which feein'd to be most properly affign'd to it. This looks a little uncouthly at the first appearance; but upon exa-mination it will be found, that Nature is so far from being unjust to you, that The

is partial on your side: She hath made you fuch large Amends by other Advantages, for the seeming Injustice of the first Distribution, that the Right of Complaining is come over to our Sex; you have it in your power not only to free your felves, but to Subdue your Masters; and without violence throw both their Natural and Regal Anthority at your Feet. We are made of differing Tempers, that our Defects might be mutually supplied: Your Sex wanteth our Reason for your Condust, and our Strength for your Protestion: Ours wanteth your Gentleness to soften, and to entertain us. The first part of our Life is a good deal

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deal of it subjected to you in the Nursery, where you Reign without Competition, and by that means have the advantage of giving the first Impressions ; after you have stronger Influences, which well manag'd, have more force in your behalf, than all our Privileges and Jurisdictions can pretend to have against you. You have more strength in your Looks, than we have in our Laws; and more power by your Tears, than we have by our Arguments.

It is true, that the Laws of Marriage run in a harsher stile towards your Sex. Obey is an ungentle word, and less easie to be digested, by making

king such an unkind distinction in the Terms of Contract, and fo very unfuitable to the excess of Good Manners, that generally goes before it; besides, the universality of the Rule seemeth to be a Grievance, and it appeareth: reasonable, that there might be an Exemption for extraordinary Women, for ordinary Rules, to take away the just Exception that lieth against the false measure of general Equality: it may be alledged by the Council retained by your Sex, as there is in all other Laws an Appeal from the Letter to Equity in Cases that require it, It is reasonable, that some Court of a larger Jurisdistion might

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be erected, where some Wives might resort and plead, especially, and in such Instances, where Nature is so kind as to raise them above the level of their own Sex, that they might have Relief, and obtain a Mitigation in their own particular, of a Sentence which was given generally against Woman kind.

The causes of Separation are now so very course, that few are consident enough to buy their Liberty at the price of having Modesty so exposed, and for disparity of Minds, which above all other things requireth a Remedy, the Laws have made no provision; so little resin'd are numbers of Men, by whom

whom they are compil'd. This, and a great deal more might be faid to give a colour to this Complaint; but the Answer is, in short, That the Institution of Marriage is too facred to admit of a Liberty of Objection to it; that the Supposition of your being the weaker Sex, having without all doubt a good Foundation, maketh it reafonable to subject it to the Masculine Dominion; that no Rule can be so perfect, as not to admit some Exceptions; but the Law presumeth there would be fo few found in this Case, who would have a sufficient Right to such a Privilege, that it is safer some Injustice should be connived

C 4

at in a very few Instances, than to break into an Establishment upon which the Order of Humane Society doth so much depend. You are therefore to make the best of what is setled by Law, and not vainly imagine, that it will be changed for your fake. But that you may not be discouraged, as if you lay under the weight of an incurable Grievance, you are to know, that by a mife and dexterous Conduct, it will be in your power to retrieve your felf from any thing that looketh like a disadvantage in it. For your better direction, I will give a hint of the most ordinary Causes of Dissatisfaction between Man and

and Wife, that you may be able by such a Warning to live so upon your Guard, that when you shall be married, you may know how to cure your Husband's Mistakes, and

to prevent your own.

First then, you are to confider, you live in a time which hath rendred some kind of Frailties fo habitual, that they lay claim to large. Grains of Allowance. The World in this is somewhat unequal, and our Sex feemeth to play the Tyrant, in distinguishing partially for our felves, by making that in the utmost degree Criminal in the Woman, which in a Man passeth under a much gentler Censure. The Root and &

and Excuse of this Injustice is the Preservation of Families from any Mixture that may bring a Blemish to them; And whilst the Point of Honour continues to be so plac'd, it feems unavoidable to give your Sex the greater share of the Penalty. But if in this it lieth under any Disadvantage, you are more than recompens'd, by having the Honour of Families in your keeping. The Confideration so great a Trust must give you, maketh full amends; and this Power the World hath lodg'd in you, can hardly fail to restrain the Severity of an ill Husband, and to improve the Kindness and Esteem of a good one. This being

being so, remember, That next to the danger of committing the Fault your felf, the greatest is that of seeing it in your Husband. Do not feem to look or hear that way: If he is a Man of Sence, he will reclaim himfelf; the Folly of it, is of it self sufficient to cure him: If he is not so, he will be provok'd, but not reform'd. To expostulate in these looketh like declaring War, and preparing for Reprifals; which to a thinking Husband would be a dangerous Reflexion. Besides, it is so course a Reason which will be asfign'd for a Lady's too great Warmth upon fuch an occafion, that Modesty no less than Pru-

Prudence ought to restrain her; since such an undecent Complaint makes a Wife much more Ridiculous, than the Injury that provoketh her to it. But it is yet worse, and more unskilful; to blaze it in the World, expecting it should rise up in Arms to take her part: Whereas she will find, it can have no other Effect, than that she will be served up in all Companies, as the reigning Jest at that time; and will continue to be the common Entertainment, till she is rescu'd by some newer Folly that cometh upon the Stage, and driveth her away from it. The Impertinence of fuch Methods is so plain, that it doth not deserve

deserve the Pains of being laid open. Be affur'd, that in these Cases your Discretion and Silence will be the most prevailing Reproof; and an affected Ignorance, which is feldom a Vertue, is a great one here: And when your Hufband feeth how unwilling you are to be uneasie, there is no stronger Argument to persuade him not to be unjust to you. Besides, it will naturally make him more yielding in other things: And whether it be to cover or redeem his Offence, you may have the good Effect of it whilft it lasteth, and all that while have the most reasonable Ground that can be, of prefuming, fuch a Behaviour at last

last will intirely convert him. There is nothing so glorious to a Wife, as a Victory so gain'd: A Man so reclaim'd, is for ever after subjected to her Vertue; and her bearing for a time, is more than rewarded by a Triumph that will continue as long as her Life.

The next thing I will suppose, is, That your Husband may love Wing more than is convenient. It will be granted, That though there are Vices of a deeper dye, there are none that have greater Deformities than this, when it is not restrain'd: But with all this, the same Custom which is the more to be lamented for its being so general,

ral, should make it less uneasie to every one in particular who is to fuffer by the Effects of it: So that in the first place, it will be no new thing if you have a Drunkard for your Husband; and there is by too frequent Examples evidence enough, that fuch a thing may happen, and yet a Wife may live too without being miserable. Selflove dictateth aggravating words to every thing we feel; Ruine and Misery are the Terms we do apply to whatever we do not like, forgetting the Mixture allots ted to us by the Condition of Humane Life, by which it is not intended we should be quite exempt from trouble

It is fair, if we can escape. such a Degree of it as would. oppress us, and enjoy so much of the pleasant part as may lessen the ill Taste of such things as are unwelcom to us. Every thing hath two Sides, and for our own eafer we ought to direct our Thoughts to that which must be least liable to exception. To fall upon the worst side of a Drunkard, giveth fo. unpleasant a Prospect, that it is not possible to dwell upon it. Let us pass then to this more favourable part, as far as a Wife is concern'd in it. I am tempted to say (if the Irregularity of the Expression could in strictness be justified ) That a Wife is to thank

. thank God her Husband hath

Faults. Mark the seeming Paradox, my Dear, for your own Instruction, it being intended no further. A Hus-

. band without Faults is a dan-

· gerous Observer; he hath an

. Eye so piercing, and seeth

· every thing so plain, that it

· is exposed to his Censure; and

. though I will not doubt but

that your Vertue will disap-

. point the sharpest Enquiries,

yet few Women can bear the

having all they fay or do re-

· presented in the clear Glass of

· an Understanding without

Faults. Nothing sofneth the Arrogance of our Nature, like a Mixture of some Frailties; it is by them we are best told, that we must not strike too hard

hard upon others, because we our selves do often deserve Blows: They will pull our Rage by the Sleeve, and whisper Gentleness to us in our Gensures, even when they are rightly applied. The Faults and Passions of Husbands bring them down to you, and make them content to live upon less unequal Terms, than Faultless. · Men would be willing to · stoop to; so haughty is Mankind till humbled by common Weakness and Defects, which in our corrupted State contribute more towards the reconciling us to one another, than all the Precepts. of the Philosophers and Divines; fo that where the Errors

Erroes of our Nature make amends for the Disadvantages of yours, it is more your part to make use of the Benests, than to quarrel at the Fault.

Thus in case a drunken Husband should fall to your share, if you will be wife and patient, his Wine shall be of your fide; it will throw a Veil over your Mistakes, it will set out and improve every thing you do, that he is pleased with. Others will like him less, and by that means he may perhaps like you the more, when after having dined too well, he is received at home. without a Storm, or so much as a reproachful Look, the

Wine will naturally work out all in Kindness, which a Wife must encourage, let it be wrapped up in never fo much Impertinence: On the other fide, it would boil up into Rage, if the mistaken Wife should treat him roughly, like a certain thing called a kind Shrew, than which, the World, with all its Plenty, cannot shew a more Senseless, Ill-bred, forbidden Creature. Confider, that where: the Man will give such frequent Intermissions of the use of his Reason, the Wife infensibly getteth a Right of Governing in the Vacancy, and that raifeth her Character and Credit in the Family, to a higher pitch than perhaps could

could be done under a fober Husband, who never putteth himself into an Incapacity of holding therein. If these are not Intire Consolations, at least they are Remedies to some Degree: They cannot make Drunkenneß a Vertue, nor is a Husband given to it a Felicity; but you will do your self no ill office in the endeavouring, by these means, to make the best of fuch a Lot, in case it should happen to be yours, and by the help of a wife Observation, to make that very supportable, which would otherwife be a Load that would oppress you.

The next Case I will put, is, That your Husband may

be Cholerick or Ill-humour'd. To this it may be faid, That passionate Men generally make amends at the Foot of the Account: Such a Man, if he is angry one day without any Sence, will the next day be as kind without any Reafon; so that by marking how the Wheels of fuch a Mans Head use to move, you may eafily bring over all his Paffions to your Party; in stead of being struck down by his Thunder, you shall direct it where and upon whom you shall think it best applied. Thus are the strongest Passions turn'd to the best Remedies; but then there must be Art in it, and a skilful Hand, else the least bungling maketh

maketh it mortal. There is a great deal of nice Care required to deal with a Man of this Complexion; Choler proceedeth from Pride, and maketh a Man so partial to himself, that he swelleth against Contradiction, and thinketh he is lessened if he is opposed; you must in this Case take heed of increasing the Storm by an unwary Word, or kindling the Fire whilst the Wind is in a Corner which may blow it in your Face: You are dextroully to yield every thing till he beginneth to cool, and then by flow degrees you may rise and gain upon Him: Your Gentleness well timed, will, like a Charmer, difpel his

his Anger ill placed; a kind Smile will reclaim, when a shrill pettish Answer would provoke him; rather than fail, Flattery may be admitted, which by being necessary, will cease to be Criminal: If Ill Humour and Sullennes, and not open and sudden Heat is his Disease, there is a way of healing that too, so as to make it a Grievance to be endured: In order to it, you are first to know, that naturally good Sence hath a mixture of surly in't; and there being so much folly in the World, and for the most part so triumphant, it giveth frequent Temptations to raise the Spleen of Men who think right; therefore that which

which may generally be call'd Ill Humour, is not always a Fault; it becometh one, when either it is wrong applyed, or that it is continued too long, when it is not so: For this Reason, you must not too hastily fix an ill name upon that which may perhaps not deserve it; and though the Case should be, that your Husband might too fowrly resent any thing he disliketh, it may so happen, that more Blame may belong to your Mistake, than to his ill Humour. If a Hufband behaveth himself sometimes with an Indifference that a Wife may think offenfive, she is in the wrong to put the worst sence upon it,

if by any means it will admit a better. Some Wives will call it his Humour, if their Husbands change their Style from that which they used whilst they made their first Addresses to them: Others will allow no intermission or abatement in the Expressions of Kindness to them, not enough distinguishing Times, and forgetting that it is impossible for Men to keep themselves up all their Lives to the height of some extravagant Moments. A Man may at some times be les careful in little things, without any cold or disobliging Reasons for it; as a Wife may be too expecting in smaller matters, without drawing upon her felf felf the Inference of being unkind: And if your Hufband should be really fullen, and have such frequent Fits, as might take away the Excuse of it, it concerneth you to have an Eye prepared to discern the first Appearances of Cloudy Weather, and to watch when the Fir goeth off, which feldom laftethlong if it be alone subut whill the Mind is fore, everything galleth it, and that maketh it necessary to let the Black Humauri begin to spend it felf, before you begin to come in and venture to undertake it. agaidemb 10

If in the Lottery of the World you should draw a Covetons Husband, I confess it would

would not make you proud of your good Luck; yet even fuch a one may be endured too, though there are few Passions more untractable than that of Avarice. You must first take care that your Definition of Avarice may not be a Mistake; you are to examine every Circumstance of your Husband's Fortune, and weigh the Reason of every thing you expect from him before you have right to pronounce that Sentence: The Complaint is now to generally against all Husbands, that it giveth great suspicion of its being often ill-grounded; it is impossible they should deserve all that Cenfure, and therefore it is ce rtain,

tain, that it is many times misapplyed, he that spareth in every thing is an mexcufable Niggard, he that spareth in nothing is an inexcufable Madman; the mean is, to spare in what is least necessary to lay out more liberally in what is most required in our several circumstances; yet this will. not always fatisfy, there are Wives who are impatient of the Rules of Oeconomy, and are apt to call their Husbands Kindness in question, if any other measure is put to their expence than that of their own Fancy; be fure to avoid this dangerous Errour, such a partiality to your Self, and which is so offensive to an understanding Man, that he will very

very ill bear a Wose's giving her self an injurious proserence to all the Family, and whatever belongeth to it: But to admit the worst, and that your Husband is really a Cose handed Wretch; you must in this, as in other Cases, endeavour to make it less afflicting to you; and sirst you must observe seasonable hours of speaking.

When you offer any thing in opposition to this reigning Humour, a third hand and a wife Friend, may often prevail more than you will be allowed to do in your own Cafe: Sometimes you are dextrously to go along with him in things, where you fee that the niggardly part of his Mind is

is most predominate, by which you will have the better oppofunity of perswading him in things where he may be imore indifferent: Our Passisound are wery unequal, and are raptito be railed or lesiened, according, as they work upon ediffering Objects; they are not to be stapped or restrained in those things where our Mind is more particularly engaged In other matters they are more tractable, and will fometimes give Reasona hearing, and admit a fair Dispute. More than that, there are few Men, even in this instance of Avarice, so intirely abandoned into it; that at fome hours, and in upon some occasions, will not borger their natures, and for that

that time turneth Prodigal; the same Man who will grundge himself what is necessary , let his Pride be raised and he shall be profuses at another time his Anger shall have the same effect ; a fit of Vanity, Ambition, and sometimes of Kindnefs, shall open and inlarge his narrow Mind; a Dosenf Wine will work upon this tough humour, and for the time diffolve it : Your business must be, if this Gase happeneth, to watch these critical moments, and not let one of them flip without making your advantage of it, and a Wife may be faid to want skill, if by these means she is not able to secure her self in a good measure against the Inconveniencies this **fcurvy** 

scurvy quality in a Husband might bring upon her, ex-cept he should be such an incurable Monster, as I hope will never fall to your fhare.

The last supposition I will make, is, That your Husband should be weak and incompetent to make use of the Privileges that belong to him; it will be yielded, that fuch a one leaveth room for a great many Objections; but God Almighty feldom fendeth a Grievance without a Remedy or at least such a Mitigation as taketh away a great part of the fting, and the imart of in To make fuch a Misformie less heavy; you are to eling to your Observations of Than menun)

a Wife very often maketh the better Figure, former Hufbands making no great one; and there seemeth to be little reason, why the same Lady that choseth a Waiting-Woman with morfe Looks, may not be content with a Husband with less Wit; the Argument being equal from the advantage of the Comparison : If you will be more ashamed in some: Cales, of fuch a Husband, you will be defenafraid than you would perhaps be of aswife one by his Wasensonable Weakness, may no doubt sometimes grieve your but then fet against this that it giveth you the Dominion strict you will make the night use of its it is next to his being dead, in which

which Case the Wife hath right to Administer; therefore be fure, if you have fuch an Ideot, that mone, except your felf, may have the benefit of the forfeiture: Such a Fool is a dangerous Beaft, if others have the keeping of him; and you must be very dextrous, if when your Husband shall tesolve to be an As, you do not take care he may be your Afr; but you must go skillfully about it 4 and above all things, take heed of diffinguishing in publick what kind of Husband he is your inward thoughts must not hinder the outward payment of the consideration that is due to him; your flighting him in. Company : belides , that it; would,

would to a differrin Byldinder give 100 great encouragement for the making neaver application to you use in int felf-fuch an undecent-way of affinning what it may prowoken the fame Creature to break loofe, and to thew his Dominion for his Gredit, which he was content to forget for his Fafe : In horty the fureft and the most approved method will be to do like a wife Minister to an easy Prince; firth give lim the Orders you afterwards receive from him with all this, that which you are to pray for, is a Wife Husband, one that by knowing how to Master, for the very reason will not let you feel the weight of it; one whose

whose Authority is so softened by hiso Kindness pohacrit igiveth you ease without abridging your Liberty so one that will return to much freedom for your Just Esteem of him, that you will never want power, though you will feldom care to use it; fuch a Huf band is as much above all the other Kindnesses of themans a rational fabjection to a Prince, great in himself, is to be preferrid before the diffuser and uneafines of Unbineted Diyou afterwards receivering to

Before Heave this Head, I must add a little concerning your Behavior to your Mustands Friends, which requireth the most refined part of your Understanding to acquit

quit your self well of it; you are no fundy how to live with them with more care than you are to apply to any part of your Life 3 respecially nat first, that you may not stumble at the first setting out; the Family into which you are grafted will generally be apt to exped , that like a ftrangerin a Foreign Country, you thould conform to their Methods, and not bring in a new Model by your own Anthority; the Friends in fuch a Cafe, are tempted to rife up in Arms, as against an unlawful Innovation, so that you are with the utmost Caution to avoid the least Appearances of any thing of this kind, and that you may with less difficulty list

only afterwards give your Directions Be fure at first to receive them from your Hufbands Friends gain them to you by early applying to them, and they will be forfatisfied to that has mothing is more thankful than Pride, when it is complyed with, they must strive which of them shall most recommend you; and when they have helped you to take Root in your Husband's good Opinion, you will have less dependance upon theirs, though you must not neglect any reasonable means of preserving it and

You are to consider, that a Man govern'd by his Friends, is very easily inflamed by them; and that one who is

not fo will verifor his own fakers expect too have them confidered. It is eafily improved to a point of honder in a Husband, not to have his Re-Rand brief the state and no. 9. thing is more dangerous; than to raife an Objection, which grounded upon Pride, it is the most stubborn and tasting Pallioniwe are firejectico land when it is the first cause of the War pite is very hard to make a fecure Peace; your Caution in this is of the laft importance to you, and that yournay the better faceed in it, carry a ftrict Eye upon the Impertimencies of your Servantas take heed that their ill hamour may not engage you to take Exceptions, or their 1020 too

### HUSBAND. 65

matters vraile. Consequences which may bring you under great disadvantage of a or box

Remember that in case of a Royal Bride, those about her are generally to far inspected to bring a Foreign Interest, that in most Countries, they are infentibly reduced to an very small number, and those of foelow an Figures that situ doth not admit the being fear low of them ! In little, and in the Proportion; this may be the Cafe of every News Married-Woman and thereav fore it may be more advisevants you find in a Family, than to tye your self too fast to those you carry into it; you are

are not to overlocks those small Reflections because they may appear low and inconfiderable; for it may be faid, that as the greatest streams are made up of the freak doops at the head of the Springs from whence they are derived fo they greatest vircumstances of your Life, will be in some degree directed by these seeming trifles, which having the advantage of being the first acts of it, have a greater effect than fingly in their own mature they could pretend now again sold will conclude this Arricle with my Advice , scharzyou would as much as Nature will give you leave, endeavouroro forget the agreet Indulgente wouthere foundat homesafter (Led) fuch

fuch a gentleDisciplineras you have been under; everything you dillike will feen the harther to you, the tenderness me had for you, My Dear, is of another nature, peculiar to kind Parents, and differing from that which you will meet with at first in any Family into which you shall be transplanted; and yet they may be very kind too, and afford no justifiable reason to you to complain. You must not be affrighted with the first Appearances of aludiffering ferre's for when you are used to it, you may like the House you go to , better than that you left; and your Husband's Kindues will have so much advantage tof cours authorize shall L'ant

68 Advice to a Danghter.

shall yield up all Competition, and as well as we love you, be very well contented to Surrender to such a Rival.

#### HOUSE, FAMILY, and CHILDREN.

YOU must lay before you, My Dear, there are degrees of Care to recommend your self to in the World in the several parts of your Life, in many things, though the doing of them well, may raise your Credit and Esteem upon you; in others, where your duty is more particularly applyed, the neglect of them is amongst those Faults which are not forgiven,

House, Family, &c. 69 forgiven, and will bring you under a Censure, which will be much a heavier thing than the trouble you would avoid of this kind is the Government of your House, Family and Children, which since it is the Province allotted to yourSex, and that the discharging it well, will for that reason be expected from you, if you either desert it out of Laziness, or manage it with want of skill instead of a help you will be an Incumbrance to the Family where you are placed. mult tell you, that no respect is lasting, but that which is produced by our being in fome degree useful to these that pay it; where that fail. eth, the Homage and the Re-

verence

verence go along with it, and fly to others where something may be expected for them; and upon this principle the respects even of the Children and the Servants, will not stay with one, that doth not think them worth their Care, and the old House-keeper shall make a better Figure in the Family, than the Lady with all her fine Cloths, if the willfully relinquish her Title to the Government; therefore take heed of carrying your good Breeding to fuch a height, as to be good for nothing, and to be proud of it; some think it a great Ayre to be above troubling their thoughts with fuch ordinary things as their House and Family; others

thers dare not admit Cares for fear they should hasten Wrinkles; mistaken Pride maketh fome think they must keep themselves up, and not defcend to these Duties, which do not feem enough refined for great Ladies to be imploy'd in ; forgetting all this while, that it is more than the greatest Princes can do at once to preserve respect, and to neglect their business; no Age ever erected Altars to infignificant Gods; they had all some quality applyed to them to draw worship from Man-kind; this maketh it the more unreasonable, for a Lady to expect to be consider'd, and at the same time resolve not to deserve it; good looks alone will

will not do, they are not fuch a lasting Tenure, as to be relyed upon; and if they should stay any longer than they usually do, it will by no means be safe to depend upon them, for when time hath abated the violence of the first liking, and that the Napp is a little worn off, though still a good degree of kindness may remain; Men recover their fight which before might be dazell'd, and allow themselves to object as well as admire; in such a Case, when a Husband hath an empty Every-thing that fails up and down the House to no purpose, and looks as if she came thither only to make a Vifit, when he findeth,

# Honse, Family, &c. 73

eth, that after her Emptiness hath been extream bufy about fome very fenfeless thing, that the eat her Breakfast half an hour before Dinner, to be at greater liberty to afflict the Company with her Discourses then calleth for her Coach, that she may trouble her Acquaintance, who are already cloy'd with her : And having some proper Dialogues ready to please her Foolish Eloquence at the top of the Stairs, she fetteth out like a Ship out of Harbour, laden with trifles, and cometh back with them; at her return she repeateth to her faithful Waiting-Woman, the Triumphs of that day's Impertinence, then wrap'd up in Flattery and clean Li-

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Advice to a Dangber. nen, goeth to Bed to latisfied hat it throweth her into Pelicity; fuch a one is feldom ferious but with her Taylor, Her Children and Family may now and then have a random thought, but the never taketh aim but at fomething very

in fay when at his band, whose Province is without Doors, and to whom the Occonomy of the House would be in some degree Indecent indeth no Order not Quiet in his Family, meeteth Complaints of all kinds foringing from the Root of the Missaken Lady, who thinketh to make amends for all this by having a well-chofen Petty-coat, will at last be convinced

Honfe, Family, &c. 75 convinced of her Error; and with grief be forced to undergo the Penalties that belong to those who are willfully Infignificant; when this scurvy hour cometh upon her, the first groweth Angry; then when the time of it is palt, would perhaps grow wifer, not remembring that we can no more find Wifdom than Grace, whenever we think fit to call for it; there are times and periods fixt for both; and when they are too long neglected, the punishment is, that they are Irrecoverable, and nothing remaineth but an ufeles Grief for the Folly of having thrown them our of our Power; you are to think what a mean Figure E 2 a Wo-

of it or - ed

a Woman maketh, when she is so degraded by her own Fault; whereas there is nothing in these Duties which are expected from you, that can be a lessening to you, except your want of Conduct make it fo: You may love your Children without living in the Nursery, and you may have a competent and discreet eare of them, without letting it break out upon the Company, or expoling your felf by turning your Discourse that way, which is a kind of Eaying Children to the Parish, and it can hardly be done any where, that those who hear it will be so forgiving, as not to think they are overchargd with them. A Wo--build

Honfe, Family, &c. mans tendernes of her Children is one of the least deceitful Evidences of her Vertue; but yet the way of expreffing it, must be fubject to the Rules of good Breeding And though a Woman of Quality ought not to be less kind to them, than Mothers of the meanest Rank are to theirs; yet the may diffinguish her felf in the manner, and avoid the course Methods, which in Women of a lower Size might be more excusable. You must begin early to make them love you, that they may obey you: This Mixture is no where more necessary than in Children; and I must tell you, that you are not to expect Returns of Kind-

Kindness from yours, if ever you have any, without Grains of Allowance; and yet it is not so much a defect in their good Nature, as a foortness of Thought in them: Their first Insufficiency maketh them lean so entirely upon their Parents for what is necessary, that the babit, of it maketh them continue the same Expestations, for what is unreafourble; and as oft as they are denied, so often they think they are injurid; and whilf their, Definer are strong, and their Reasons yet in the Cradle, their Anger looketh no further than the thing they long for and cannot have; and to be differented for their own good, is a Maxim

House, Family, with 85 Maxim ency are very him मुक्ति मुम्मार था र मिष्माने मिष्मा निर्मा may 39 conclude 30 the Afile Thoughts of your chiaren will Have ho finall Mixture WHEN S WHEN DENNE OF Hatural, you man not be ingry, "except you would mcreate it you must deay themas feldoin as you tead, and when there is no avoid ing it, your man do no year, you must flatter away their ill Humours? and take the next Opportunity of pleafing. THEM THE COME OCHE! THINKS, befole They ochheronshore Took for he The Will then? then your Authority, by mis-Ring it for to them ; vaner conflitt their Obedience, by making it their meeters 101 You

all Hu are to have as fricta Guardinupon your felficas mongst your Children, as if you were amongst your Enemiese, they are apt to make wrong Inferences; to take Encouragement from Half Words, and misapplying what you may fay or do priones either to lessen their Duty, on tonextend their Laberty farthee than is convenient: Let them be more in awe of your Kindness than of your Power, and above all, take hard of supporting a Fevourite-Childin its Impertinence, which will give Right to the rell of claiming the fame Privilege. If you have a divided Number, leave the Boys to the Fathers more peculias Care,

Care, that you may with the greater Justice pretend to a more immediate Jurisdiction over those of your own Sex: You are to live so with them, that they may never chuse to avoid you, except when they have offended; and then let them tremble, that they may distinguish: But their Penance must not continue so long as to somre upon their Stomachs, that it may not barden in stead of correcting them: The kind and fevere Parts must have their several turns feafonably applied; but your Indulgence must have the broader mixture, that Love, rather than Fear, may be the Root of their Obedi-

Your

Your Servants are in the next place to be confidered; and you must remember not to fall into the militake of thinking, That because they receive Wages, and are fo much Inferior to you, therefore they are below your Care to know how to manage them. It would be as good Reason for a Master-Workman. to despise the Wheels of his Engine, because they are made of Wood. These are the Wheels of your Family 3 and let your Directions be never to faultless, yet if these Emgines stop or move wrong, the whole Order of your House is either at a stand, or discomposed: Besides, the Juequality which is between you.

Adam Pining, Wight you, multinothe cause work to forger ivane Warne Haken no Tuck AMPRESSOR, But that Servants may be looked upon as himble Friends, and that Returns of Kindness and good Upper are as much dute to friehof them as deferve it; as their Gervice is due to no when we require it. A foulf hanghridge that the ost the soft speaking, or make milliner of commanding them, Is in it felf very undecent! belides that rembegetterh an Averton in them of which the want h Bifed to be extended to that they will be flow and caretes. in all that is injoined them, will be for much the more obeyed!

obeyed as you are less Imperious. Be not too hasty in giving your Orders, nor too angry when they are not altogether observed; much less are you to be loud, or too much disturbed; an evenness to distinguish when they do well or ill, is that which will make your Family move by a Rule, and without Noise, and will the better fet out your Skill in conducting it with Ease and Silence, that it might be like a well-disciplin'd Army, which knoweth how to anticipate the Orders that are fit to be given them. You are never to neglect the Duty of the present Hour, to do another thing, which though it may be in it felf

Honse, Family, &c. 85 commendable, is not to be unseasonably preferred. Allot well-chosen Hours for the Inspection of your Family, which may be so distinguish'd from the rest of your Time, that the necessary Cares may come in their proper places, without any Influence upon your good Humour, or Interruption to other things. By these Methods you will put your felf in possession of being valued by your Servants, and then their Obedience will naturally follow.

I must not forget one of the greatest Articles belonging to a Family, which is the Expence: It must be such, as by failing either in the Time

or Measure of it, may rather draw Confure than give Applanse. If it was well Examined, there is more Money given to be laughed at, than for any other thing in the World, though the Purchafers do not think for A wellstated Rule is like the Line, when that is once pass'd we are under another Pole; so the field straying from a Rule, is a step towards making that which was before a Vertue, to change its Nature, and to grow either into a Vice, or at least an Impertinence: The Art of laying out Muney wifely, is not attained to without a great deal of thought ; and it is yet more difficult in the Cafe of a Wife,

House, Family, Oc. 87 a Wife, who is accountable to her Huiband for her mistakes in it : It is not only his Money, his Credit too is at Stake, if what lyeth under the Wife's Care is managed, either with undecent Thrift, or too loose profusion; you are therefore to keep the mean between these two Extreams, and it being hardly possible to hold the Balance exactly even , let it rather incline towards the Liberal fide, as more furtable to your Quality, and less sibject to Repreach; of the two. a little Money mispent is soonor recovered, than the Credit which is loft by having it unhandsomely saved; and a Wife Husband will less forgive a shameful piece of Ran-

Gmony

fimony, than a little Extravagance, if it is not too often repeated; his Mind in this must be your chief Direction; and his temper, when once known, will in a great measure justifie your part in the management, if he is pleased with it.

In your Cloths avoid too much Gaudiness; do not value your self upon an Imbroidered-Gown; and remember, that a reasonable word, and an obliging look, will gain you more respect, than all your fine Trappings. This is not said to restrain you from a Decent Compliance with the World, provided you take the wifer, and not the foolisher part of your Sex for your

your Pattern: Some distinctions are to be observed, whilst they are well-suited to your Quality and Fortune, and in the distribution of the Expence, it seemeth to me, that a full Attendance, and well-chosen Ornaments for your House, will make you a better Figure, than too much glittering in what you wear, which may with more ease, be imitated by those which are below you; yet this must not tempt you to starve every thing but your own Apartment; or in order to more abundance, these give just cause to the least Servant you have, to complain of the want of what is necessary: Above all, fix it in your thoughts, as an unchangeable

changeable Maxim, That nothing is truly fine but what is fit, and that just so much as is proper for your Circumstances of their several kinds, is much finer than all you can add to it; when you once break through those bounds, you launch into a wide Sea of Extravagance, every thing will become necessary, because you have a mind to it; and you have a mind to it, not because it is fit for you, but because fome-body elfe bath it : This Lady's Logick fetterh Reason upon its Head ; by carrying the Rule from things to Perfons, and appealing from what is right, to every Fool that is in the word is the word neceffery is milerably applyed, it disordereth

House, Family, &c. 91 disordereth Families, and overturneth Governments by being so abused: Remember, that Children and Fools want every thing, because they want Wit to distinguish; and therefore there is not a stronger Evidence of a Crazy Understanding, than the making too large a Catalogue of things necessary, when in truth there are so very few things that have a right to be placed in it; try every thing first in your Judgment, before you allow it a place in your Defire, else your Husband may think it as necessary for him to deny, as it is for you to have whatever is unreasonable s, and if you shall too often give him that advantage, the

the habit of refusing may per-haps reach to things that are not unfit for you; there are unthinking Ladies, who do not enough consider, how little their own Figure agreeth with the fine things they are so proud of; others when they have them, will hardly allow them to be vifible; they cannot be seen without Light, and that is many times fo fawcy and so prying, that it is to be forbid the Chamber too. Some, when you are ushered into their Dark Room, it is with fuch folemnity, that a Man would fwear there was fomething in it, till the Unskilful Lady breaketh silence, and beginneth a Chat, which discovereth it is a Puppit-Play with

Honse Family, oc. 93 with Magnificent Scenes; many esteem things rather as they are hard to be gotten, than that they are worth getting: This looketh as if they had an Interest to pursue that Maxim, because a great part of their own value dependeth upon it. Truth in these Cafes would be very often unmannerly, and might derogate from the Prerogative, great Ladies would assume to themfelves of being distinct Creatures from those of their Sex, who are inferiour, and of less difficult access in other things. Your Condition must give the rule to yours, therefore it is not a wife part to aim at more than a bounden Liberality; the farther extent

of that Quality (otherwise to be commended) belongeth to the Husband, who hath better means for it.

Generofity wrong placed becometh a Vice, and it is no more a Vertue when it groweth into an Inconvenience, Vertnes must be inlarged or restrained according to the differing Circumstances: A Princely Mind will undo a private Family, therefore things must be suited, or else they will not deserve to be Commended, let them in themfelves be never so valuable; and the Expectations of the World are best answered when we acquie our felves in that marmer which feemeth to be prescribed to our feveral Conditions,

# House, Family, &c. 95

Conditions, without usurping upon Duties, which do not so

particularly belong to us.

I will close the consideration of this Article of Expence, with this short word, Do not fetter your self with such a Restraint in it as may make you Remarkable; but remember that Vertue is the greatest Ornament, and good Sence the best Equipage.

#### BEHAVIOUR and CON-VERSATION.

IT is time now to lead you out of your House into the World. Dangerous steps; where your Vertue alone will not serve you, except it is attended

tended with a great deal of Prudence: You must have both for your Guard, and not ftir without them; the Enemy is abroad, and you are fure to be taken, if you are found stragling: Your Behaviour is therefore to incline strongly towards the Reserved part; your Character is immovably fixed upon that Bottom, not excluding a mixture of greater Freedom, as far as it may be innocent and well-lined. The Extravagancies of the Age have made Caution more necessary; and by the same reason that the too great Licence of Ill Men hath by consequence in many things restrain'd the Lawful Liberty of those who did not

# BEHAVIOUR, &c. 97

not abuse it, the unjustifiable Freedom of some of your Sex have involved the rest in the Penalty of being reduced. And though this cannot so alter the Nature of things, as to make that Criminal, which in it self is Indifferent; yet if it maketh it dangerous, that alone is sufficient to justifie the Restraint. A close behaviour is the fittest to receive Vertue for its constant-Gueft, because there, and there only, it can be fecure. Proper Reserves are the Outworks, and must never be deferted by those who intend to keep the Place; they keep off the possibility not only of being taken, but of being attempted; and if a Woman feeth

feeth Danger at never so remote a distance, she is for that time to shorten her Line of Liberty: She who will allow her self to go to the utmost Extents of every thing that is Lawful, is so very near going further, that those who lie at watch, will begin to

count upon her.

Mankind, from the double temptation of Vanity and Defire, is apt to turn every thing a Woman doth to the hopeful fide; and there are few who make an Impudent Application, till they discern something which they are willing to take for an Eucouragement: It is safer therefore to prevent such Forwardness, than to go about to cure it: It gathereth Strength

# BEHAVIOUR, &c. 99

Strength by the first allowance, and claimeth a Right from having been at any time suffered with Impunity: Therefore nothing is with more care to be avoided, than such a kind of Civility as may be mistaken for Invitation. It will not be enough for you to keep your self free from any criminal Engagements; for if you do that which either raiseth Hopes, or createth Discourse, there is a Spot thrown upon your Good Name; and those kind of Stains are the harder to be taken out, being dropped upon you by the Man's Va-nity, as well as by the Woman's Malice. Most Men are in one sence Platonick Lovers, F 2 though

though they are not willing to own that Character; they are so far Philosophers, as to allow, that the greatest part of Pleasure lieth in the Mind; and in pursuance of that Maxim, there are few who do not place the Felicity more in the Opinion of the World, of their being pro-Berous Lovers, than in the Bleffing it felf, how much foever they appear to value it. This being so, you must be very cautious not to gratifie those Camelions at the price of bringing a Cloud upon your Reputation, which may be deeply wounded, though your Conscience is unconcerned. Your own Sex too will not fail to help the least Appearance

BEHAVIOUR, &c. 101 pearance that giveth a Handle to be ill turned; the best of them will not be displeafed to improve their own Value, by laying others under a disadvantage, when there is a fair occasion given for it: It distinguisheth them still the more, their own Credit is still the more exalted, and, like a Picture set off with Shades, shineth more when a Lady, either less Innocent, or less Discreet, is set near, to make them appear so much the brighter. If these lend their Breath to blaft fuch as are so unwary as to give them this Advantage, you may be fure there will be a stronger Gale from those, who, besides Malice or Emulation, have an.

an Interest too, to strike hard upon a Vertuous Woman: It seemeth to them, that their Load of Infamy is lessened, by throwing part of it upon others; so that they will not only improve when it lieth in their way, but take pains to find out the least Mistake an Innocent Woman committeth, in revenge of the Injury she doth in leading a Life which is a Reproach to them. With these you must be extream wary, and neither provoke them to be angry, nor invite them to be intimate.

To the Men you are to have a Behaviour which may fecure you, without offending them: No ill-bred affected

BEHAVIOUR, &c. 103 cted Shines nor Roughness, unsuitable to your Sex, and unnecessary to your Vertue; but a way of Living that may prevent all Railleries or unmannerly Freedoms; Looks that forbid without Rudeneß, and oblige without Invitation, or leaving room for the fawcy Inferences Mens Vanity suggesteth to them upon the least Encouragements. This is fo very nice, that it must engage you to have a perpetual Watch upon your Eyes, and to remember, that one careless Glance giveth more advantage than a hundred Words not enough considered; the Language of the Eyes being very much the most fignificant, and the most observed.

observed. Your Civility, which is always to be preserved, must not be carried to a Compliance, which may betray you into irrecoverable Miftakes. This French ambagious word Complaifance hath led your Sex into more blame, than all other things put together: It carrieth them by degrees into a certain thing called a good kind of Woman, an easie Idle Creature, that doth neither Good nor III but by chance, hath no Choice, but leaveth that to the Company fhe keepeth. Time, which by degrees addeth to the fignification of Words, hath made her, according to Modern Stile, little better than one who thinketh it a Rudeness

to

### BEHAVIOUR, &c. 105

to deny, when civilly required, either her Service in Per-Son, or her friendly affiftance, to those who would have a meeting, or want a Confident. She is a certain thing always at hand, an easie Comparison, who hath ever a great Compassion for distressed Lovers: She cenfureth nothing but Rigour, and is never without a Plaster for a wounded Reputation, in which chiefly lieth her Skill in Chirurgery: She feldom hath the Propriety of any particular Gallant, but liveth upon Brokage, and waiteth. for the Scraps her Friends are content to leave her.

There is another Characternot quite so Criminal, yet not less Ridiculous; which is that

E 5.

of

of a good-humour'd Woman, one who thinketh she must always be in a Laugh, or a broad Smile; and because Good-humour is an obliging Quality, thinketh it less illmanners to talk impertinently, than to be filent in Company. When such a prating Engine rideth Admiral, and carrieth the Lanthorn in a Circle of Fools, a chearful Coxcomb coming in for a Recruit, the chattering Monkeys make a better noise than such a Consort of senceles Merriment: If she is applauded in it, she is so encouraged, that, like a Ballad-singer, who, if commended, breaketh his Lungs, she letteth her self loose, and overfloweth upon the Company.

#### BEHAVIOUR, &c. 107 ny. She conceiveth that Mirth is to have Intermiffion, and therefore she will carry it about with her, though it be to a Funeral; and if a Man should put a familiar Question, she doth not know very well how to be angry, for then she would be no more that pretty thing called a Good-natur'd Woman. This necessity of appearing at all times to be infinitely pleased, is a grievous mi-Stake; since in a handsom Woman that Invitation is unneceffary; and in one who is not so, ridiculous.

It is not intended by this, that you should forswear Laughing; but remember, that Fools being always painted

in that posture, it may fright those who are wise from doing it too frequently, and going too near a Copy which is so little inviting, and much more from doing it lond, which is an unnatural Sound, and looketh so much like another Sex, that few things are more offensive. That boistrons kind of follity is as contrary to Wit and Goodmanners, as it is to Modesty and Vertue; besides, it is a course kind of quality, that throweth a Woman into a lower Form, and degradeth her from the Rank of those who are more refined. Some Ladies speak aloud and make a noise to be the more minded, which looketh as if they beat

BEHAVIOUR, &c. 109 beat their Drums for Voluntiers, and if by misfortune none come in to them, they may, not without reason, be a good deal out of Countenance.

There is yet one thing more to be avoided, which is the Example of those who intend nothing farther than the Vanity of Conquest, and think themselves secure of not having their honour tainted by it. Some are apt to believe their Vertue is too Obfoure, and not enough known, except it is exposed to a broader Light, and set out to its best advantage, by some publick Trials ; these are dangerous Experiments, and generally fail, being built up-

on:

on so weak a foundation, as that of too great Considence in our selves; it is as safe to play with Fire, as to dally

with Gallantry. All acceptance

Love is a Passion that hath Friends in the Garrison, and for that reason must by a Woman be kept at such a distance, that she may not be within the danger of doing the most usual thing in the World, which is conspiring against her Self, else the humble Gallant, who is only admitted as a Trophy, very often becometh the Conqueror; he putteth on the stile of Victory, and from an Admirer groweth into a Master, for so he may be called from the moment he is in Possession.

The

### BEHAVIOUR, &c. 111

The first resolutions of stopping at good Opinion and Esteem, grow weaker by degrees against the Charms of Courtship skillfully applyed, as a Lady is apt to think a Man fpeaketh so much reasonwhilst he is commending her, that the hath much ado to believe him in the wrong when he is making Love to her, and when besides the natural Inducements your Sex hath to be merciful, she is brib'd by well-chosen Flattery, the poor Creature is in danger of being caught like a Bird listening to the Whittle of one that hath a snare for it. Conquest is so tempting a thing, that it often maketh Women mistake Mens Submissions; which with all

# 112 Advice to a Dangister.

all their fair Appearances, have generally less Respect than Art in them. You are to remember, that Men who fay extream fine things, many times fay them most for their own fakes, and that the vain Gallant is often as well pleased. with his ownCompliments, as he could be with the kindest anfwer; where there is not that Oftentation you are to suspect there is a Design; and as strong perfumes are seldom used but when they are necessary to fmother an unwelcome fcent; so Excess of good words, leave room to believe they are frewed to cover something which is to gain admittance under a Disguise : You must be therefore upon your Guard, and

### BEHAVIOUR, &c. 113 and confider, that of the two. Respect is more dangerous than Anger, it puts even the best understandings out of their place, till the time of their fecond thoughts restore them; it stealeth upon us infenfibly, throweth down our Defences, and maketh it too late to refift, after we have given it that advantage, whereas railing goeth away noise in it, that by giving warning it bespeaketh Cauti-on. Respect is a slow and sure Prison, and like Poison swelleth us within our felves, where it prevaileth too much, it groweth to be a kind of Apoplexia in the Mind, turneth it quite round, and after

it

it hath once seized the understanding, becometh mortal to it: For these reasons, the safest way, is to treat it like a sly Enemy, and be perpetually upon the watch against it.

I will add one Advice to conclude this head, which is, that you will let every feven years make some alteration in you towards the Graves side, and not be like the Girls of Fifty, who resolve to be always Young, what ever time with his Iron Teeth hath determined to the contrary; unnatural things carry a deformity in them near to the Difguised; the Liveliness of Youth in a riper Age, looketh like an old patch upon a new Gown ;

# BEHAVIOUR, &c. 115

Gown; so that a Gay Matron, a chearful old Fool may be reasonably put into the List of the Tamer kind of Monsters: There is a certain Creature call'd a Grave Hobby-Horse, a kind of the Nymph, that pretendeth to be pulled to a Play, and must needs go to Bartholomew-Fair, to look after the young Folks, of whom she only seemeth to take care, when in reality she only taketh them for her excuse; fuch an old Butterfly is of all Creatures the most ridiculous, and the foonest found out. It is good to be early in your Caution, to avoid any thing that cometh within distance of fuch despicable Patterns, and not like some Ladies, who defer

defer their Conversation, till they have been fo long in possession of being laughed at, that the World doth not know how to change their stile, even when they are reclaimed from that which gave the first occasion for it; the advantages of being referved are too many to be fet down, I will only fay, that it is a Guard to a good Woman, and a Disgrace to an ill one. It is of so much use to both, that those ought to use it as an Artifice, who refuse to practise it as a Vertue.

#### FRIENDSHIPS.

I Must in a particular man-ner recommend to you a strict care in the choice of your Friendship; perhaps the best are not without their Objections, but however be fure that yours may not stray from the Rules which the wifer part of the World hath fet to them; the Leagues Offenfive and Defensive, seldom hold in Politicks, and much less in Friendships; the violent Intimacies, when once broken, of which they scarce ever fail, make fuch a Noise, the Bag of Secrets

Secrets untied, they fly about like Birds let loose from a Cage, and become the Entertainment of the Town. Besides, these great Dearnesses by degrees grow injurious to the rest of your Acquaintance, and throw them off from you: There is an Offensive Distinction when the Dear Friend cometh into the Room, that it is slinging Stones at the Company, who are not apt to forgive it.

Do not lay out your Friendship too lavishly at first, since
it will, like other things, be
so much the sooner spent;
neither let it be of too great
a growth; for as the Plants
which shoot up too fast are
not of that continuance, as
those

### FRIENDSHIPS. 119

those which take more time for it; so too swift a Progress in pouring out your Kindness, is a certain Sign that by the Course of Nature it will not be long-lived. You will be responsible to the World, if you pitch upon such Friends as at the same time are under the weight of any Criminal Objection; in that case you will bring your felf under disadvantages of their Character, and must bear your part of it. Chusing implieth Approving; and if you fix upon a Lady for your Friend against whom the World shall have given Judgment, 'tis not so well-natur'd as to believe you are altogether averse to her way of living, fince

fince it doth not discourage you from admitting her into your Kindness; and Resemblance of Inclinations being thought none of the least Inducements to Friendship, you will be looked upon at least as a Partner with her in her Faults: If you can forgive them in another, it may be prefumed you will not be less gentle to your felf; and therefore you must not take it ill, if you are reckoned a Compeer, and condemned to pay an equal Share with fuch a Friend of the Reputation the hath loft.

If it hapneth that your Friend should fall from the State of Innocence after your Kindness was engaged to her, you

you may be flow in your belief in the beginning of the Discovery; but as soon as you are convinced by a Rational Evidence, you must, without breaking too roughly, make a fair and quick Retreat from such a mistaken Acquaintance; else by moving too flowly from one that is now tainted, the Contagion may reach you so far as to give you part of the Scandal, though not of the Guilt. This Matter is so nice, that as you must not be too hasty to join in the Censure upon your Friend when she is accused, so you are not on the other fide to defend her with too much warmth; for if the should happen to deserve the Report

port of Common Fame, besides the Vexation that belongeth to fuch a Mistake, you will draw an ill appearance upon your felf, and it will be thought you pleaded for her not without some consideration of your felf. The Anger which must be put on to vindicate the Reputation of an injured Friend, may incline the Company to suspect you would not be so zealous, if there was not a possibility that the Case might be your own: For this reason you are not to carry yours so far, as absolutely to lose your Sight where your Friend is concerned: Because Malice is quick-fighted, it doth not follow, that Friendship must be blind :

#### FRIENDSHIPS. 123

blind: There is to be a Mean between those Extreams, else your Excuse of Good-nature may betray you into a very ridiculous Figure, and by degrees may be preferr'd to fuch Offices as you will not be proud of. Your Ignorance may lessen the Guilt, but will improve the Jest upon you, who shall be kind-ly sollicitous to procure a Meeting, and innocently contribute to the Ils you would avoid; whill the Contriving Lovers, when they are alone, shall make you the Subject of their Mirth, and perhaps (with respect to the Goddess of Love be it spoken) it is not the worst part of their Entertainment, at least it is the G 2 most

most lasting, to laugh at the believing Friend, who was so

eafily deluded.

Let the good Sense of your Friends be a chief Ingredient in your Choice of them; else let your Reputation be never so clear, it may be clouded by their Impertinence. It is like our Houses being in the Power of a Drunken and Careles Neighbour; only so much worse, as that there will be no Insurance here to make you amends, as there is in the Case of Fire.

To conclude this Paragraph; If Formality is to be allowed in any Instance, it is to be put on to resist the Intrusion of such forward Women as shall press themselves into

### CENSURE. 125

into your Friendship, where, if admitted, they will be either a Snare or an Incumbrance.

broads be a chief Ingredies

CENSURE

IT will come next to your vonfideration, how you are to manage your Cenfure; in which both Care and Skill will be a good deal required, to distinguish it not only natural but necessary; and the Effect of it is, That we cannot avoid giving Judgment in our Minds, either to absolve or to condemn, as the Case requireth. The Difficulty is,

to know where and when it is to proclaim the Sentence. An Aversion to what is Criminal and a Contempt of what is ridiculous, are the inseparable Companions of Understanding and Vertue; but the letting them go farther than our own Thoughts, hath fo much danger in it, that though it is neither possible nor fit to suppress them intirely, yet it is necessary they should be kept under great Restraint. An unlimited Liberty of this kind is little less than fending a Herald to proclaim War to the World, which is an angry Beaft when so provoked: The Contest will be unequal, though you are never so much in the right; and if you begin

gin against such an Adversary, it will war you in pieces, and with this Justification, That it is done in its own defence. You must therefore take heed of Laughing, except in Company that is very fure; it is throwing Snowballs against Bullets; and it is the disadvantage of a Woman, that the Malice of the World will help the Brutality of those who will throw a flovenly Untruth upon her. You are for this Reason to suppress your Impatience's for Fools (which belides that they are too strong a Party to be unnecessarily provoked) are of all other the most dangerous. In this Cafe, a Blockhead in his Rage will return

G 4.

a dull Jest, which will lie heavy, though there is not a Grain of Wit in it. Others will do it with more Art, and you must not think your self secure because your Reputation may perhaps be out of reach of Ill-will 3 for if it findeth that part guarded, it will feek one which is more exposed it flieth, like a corrupe Humour in the Body, to the weakest Part : If you have a tender Side, the World will be fure to find it, and to put the world Colour totalk you fay on do, give an Aggravation to every thing that may deffen you, and a spitefuboturn to everything that might recommend you, I Angen laieth open those Defects which Friend-

### CENSURE. 129

Friendship would not see, and Civility would be willing to forget. Malice needeth no such Invitation to encourage it neither are any Pains more superfluous than those. we take to be ill spoken of. If Envy be in a Slumber, it is very unskilful to make a noise to awaken it: Besides, your Wit will be misapplied in it, if it is wholly directed to discern the Faults of others, when it is fo necessary to be so often used to mend and prevent your own. The fending our Thoughts too much abroad, hath the same Effect, as when a Family never stayeth at home; Neglect and Diforder naturally followeth; as it must do within our felves, G 5

felves, if we do not frequently turn our Eyes inwards, to fee what is amis with us there: It is a fign we have an unwelcom Prospect, when we do not care to look upon it, but rather feek our Consolations in the Faults of those we converse with Avoid being the first in fixing a hard Gensure, but let it be confirmed by the general Koice, before you give credit to it: Neither are you then to give Sentence like a Magistrate, or as if you had a special Author rity to bestow a good or ill Name at your discretion. Do not dwell too long upon a weak Side, touch and go away; take pleasure to stay longer where you can mend, like

like Bees that fix only upon those Herbs out of which they may extract the Juice of which their Horey is composed. A Vertue stuck with Briftles is too rough for this Age 3 it must be adorned with some Flowers, or else it will be unwillingly entertained 3 for that even where it may be fit to firlke, do it like a Ludy, gently; and affure your felf, that where you take care to do it, you will wound others more, and hurc your felf less, by soft Stroker, than by being bursh or violent. The Triumph of Wa is to make your good Nature fibdue your Cenfures to be quick in feeing Fault ; and flow in expressing them. You are to

confider withat the vinvisible thing, called a Good Name, is made up of the Breath of Numbers that speak well of you; for that if by a disoblising Word you filence the meanest, the Gale will be less strong which is to bear up your Esteem. And though nothing is fo vain as the eager pursuit of empty Applause, ver to be well thought of, and to be kindly used by the World, is like a Glory about a Womans Head tis a Perfume the carrieth about with berg and leaveth wherever the goeth; itis a Charmagainst Ill-will; Malice may empty her Quiver, but canindiamounds the Dirt will not dick; the Jests will not take:

take: Without the confent of the World, a Scandal doth not go deep; it is only a flight stroke upon the Party Injured, and returneth with the greater force upon those that gave it.

and which is to bear up at E/eem. And though sociating is to vain as the ea-

er pursiit of empty Applanse,
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World, is like a Glory about

I Must with more than ordilanary Earnestness give you Caution against Vanity, it being the Fault to which your Sex seemeth to be the most Inclined; and since Affectation for the most part attendeth it, I do not know how to divide

divide them: I will not call them Twins, because more properly Vanity is the Mother, and Affectation the Darling Daughter: Vanity is the Sin, and Affectation the Punishment; the first may be called the Root of Self-Love, the other the Frail; Vanity is never at its full growth till it foreadeth into Affect ation, and then it is complean; not to dwell any longer upon the definition of them, I will pass to the means and motives to avoid them : In order to it, you ateuro confider othat the World Challengeth the right Distributing Esteem and Applante; fo that where any affume by their fingle Authority, to be their own Carvers it groweth.

groweth angry, and never faileth to feek Revenge; and if we may measure a Fault by the greatness of the Penalty, there are few of a higher fize than Vanity, as there is scarce a punishment which can be heavier than that of being laughed at. Vanity maketh a Woman tainted with it, so topful of her felf, that the spilleth it upon the Company; and because her own thoughts are intirely imployed in Self-Contemplation 5 the endeavoureth, by a gruel mistake, to confine her Acquaintance to the same narrow Gircle of that which only concerneth her Ladyship, forgetting that the is not of half that Importance to the World, that flie

the is to her felf, so mistaken the is in her Value; by being her own Appraiser; she will fetch fuch a Compass in Discourse to bring in her beloved Self, and rather than faily her. fine, pretty-Coat, that there can hardly be a better Scene than fuch a Tryal of ridiculous Ingenuity: It is a pleasure to fee her Angle for Commendation, and rife so dissatisfied with her ill-bred Company, if they will not boil to observe her throwing her Eyes about to fetch in Prisoners, and go about Cruizing like a Privateer, and fo out of Countenance, if the return without Booty, is no ill piece of Comedy: She is for eager to draw respect, that she always misfeth

feth it, yet thinketh it much her due, that when she faileth she groweth maspish, not confidering, that it is impoffible to commit a Rape upon the will. That it must be fairly gained; and will not be taken by Storm; and that in this Cafe, the Tax ever rifeth highest by a Benevolence. If the World inftead of admiring her Imaginary Excellencies, taketh the Liberty to laugh at them, the appealeth from it to her felf for whom the giveth Sentence, and proclaimeth it in all Companies de On the other fide, if incouraged by a Civil Word, the is fo obliging, that the will give thanks for being laughed at in good Language: She taketh a Com-

a Complement for a Demonstration, and setteth it up as an Evidence, even against her Looking-Glass but the good Lady being all this while in a most protound Ignorance of her felf, forgetteth that Men would not let her talk upon them, and throw fo many senceless words at their heads, if they did not intend to put her Person to Fine and Ranfom for her Impertinence. Good words of any other Lady, are so many Stones thrown at her, the can by no means bear them, they make her fo uneasie, that she cannot keep her Seat; but up she rifeth, and goeth home half burst with Anger and Strait-Lacing; if by great chance she saith any

any thing that hath fence in it, she expecteth such an Excessive rate of Commendations, that to her thinking the Company ever rifeth in her Debt the looketh upon Rules as things made for the common People, and not for Persons of her Rank; and this Opinion sometimes provokes her to Extend her Prerogative to the. dispencing with the Commandments: If by great Fortune she happeneth, in spite of her Vanity, to be honest, she is so troublesome with it, that: as far as in her lieth, the man keth a Scurvy thing of it; her bragging of her Vertue, looketh as if it cost her so much pains to get the better of her Self; that the Inferences are very .

very ridiculous. Her good Humour is generally applied to the laughing at good Sence. It would do one good to fee how heartily the despiseth any thing that is fit for her to do. The greatest part of her Fancy is laid out in chusing her Gown, as her Discretion is chiefly employ'd in not paying for it. She is faithful to the Fashion, to which not only her Opinion, but her Senfer are wholly refigned; fo obsequious she is to it, that the would be ready to be reconciled even to Vertue with all its Faults, if the had her Dancing-Master's Word that it was practis'd at Court.

To a Woman fo compos'd, when her Affectation cometh

#### VANITY, &c. 141

in to approve her Character, it is then raised to the bigbest perfection. She first setteth up for a Fine thing, and for that Reason will distinguish her felf, right or wrong, in every thing the doth. She would have it thought that she is made of so much the finer Clay, and for much more fifted than ordinary, that she hath no common Earth about her: To this end she must neither move nor speak like other Women, because it would be vulgar; and therefore must have a Language of ber own, since ordinary English is too course for her. The Lookglass in the Morning dictateth to her all the Motions of the Day, which by how much the

the more studied, are so much the more mistaken. She cometh into a Room as if her Limbs were fet on with illmade Screws, which maketh the Company fear the pretty thing should leave some of its artificial Person upon the Floor. She doth not like her felf as God Almighty made her, but will have some of ber own Workmanship; which is fo far from making her a better thing than a Woman, that in turneth her into a worse Creature than a Monkey. She falleth out with Nature, against which she maketh War without admitting of a Trucesthose Moments excepted in which her Gallant may reconcile her to it, when she

### VANITY, &c. 143

the hath a mind to be foft and languishing: There is fomething fo Junnatural in that affected Easiness, that her Fromus could not be by many degrees to forbidding. When the would appear unreasonably bumble, one may fee the is to excellively proud, that there is no enduring it. There is such an impertinent Smile, such a Satisfied Simper, when she faintly disowneth some fulsom Commendation a Man hapneth to bestow upon her against his Conscience, that her Thanks for it are more visible under such a thin Disguise, than they could be if the should print them. If a bandsom Woman taketh any liberty of Dreffing out of

of ordinary Rules, the mistaken Lady followeth, without distinguishing the unequal Pattern, and maketh her felf wlier by an Example mifplaced; either forgetting the Privilege of good Looks in another, or presuming, without sufficient reason, upon her own. Her Discomse is a sens les Chime of empty Words, a heap of Complements fo equally applied to differing Patterns, that they are neither valu'd nor believ'd. Her Eyes keep pace with her Tongue, and are therefore always in motion; one may discern that they generally incline to the compassionate fide, and that, notwithstanding her pretence to Vertue, the is gentle to diftreffed

#### VANITY, &c. 145

streffed Lovers, and Ladies that are merciful. She will repeat the tender part of a Play so seelingly, that the Company may guess, without Injustice, the was not altogether a difinionessed Spectation She thinketh that Paints and Sins are concealed by railing at them, upon the latter the is les beard, and being divided between the two oppolite Prides of her Beauty and her Vertue, the is often tempted to give broad Hints that fome body is dying for her; and of the two the is less unwilling to let the World think the may be fometimes profan'd, than that the is never worthipped. Very great Beauty may perhaps fo

Gadazhe for a time, that Men may not fo clearly feethe Des formity of those Affectations e But when the Brightness goeth off, and that the Lover's Eyes are by that means fet at liberty to fee things as they are, be will naturally return to his left Senfes, and recover the Millake into which the Lady's good Looks had at first engaged him; and being once undeceived cealeth to worthip that as a Goddeff, which he feeth is only an artificial Shrine, moved by Wheels and Springs to delude him Such Women please only like the first Opening of a Scene, that hath nothing to recommend it but the being New: They may be compared to Flier,

## the Add TTINKE

that thave mitetty? Anding Wings for two or three hot Months, but the first cold Weather maketh an end of them; To the latter Seafon of there fluttering Creatures 18 difinal? From their tlearest Friends they receive a very faint Respect; from the refe greetof Contempt 2003 a vbs. 1 Some this Pidring Supply the place of any other Rules which might be given to prevent your refemblance to it. The Deformer of it, well confidered, is Infraction neugh, from the very fame reason that the fight of a Drinkard is a better Sermon against that Vice, than the best that was ever preached upon that Subject. H 2 PRIDE.

that the hath more Lace. Some Ladies put to much weight upon Ocasmons, that if one good of the date their Hearts, it would be found,

A Feer having faid this against Vanity, I do not intend to apply the same Cen-Jure to Pride, well placed and rightly defined. It is an ambiguous Word ; one kind of it is as much a Vertue, as the other is a Vice: But we are naturally so apt to chuse the worst, that it is become dangerous to commend the best side of it too. A Woman is not to be proud of her fine Gown; nor when the hath less Wit than her Neighbours, to comfort her leff rm

# the Addicate of the States.

that she hath more Lace. Some Ladies put so much weight upon Ornaments, that if one could fee into their Hearts, it would be found, that even the thoughts of Death are made less heavy to them by the Contemplation of their being land out in State. and honourably attended to the Grave. One may come a good deal thort of fuch an Extream, and yet fill be fiffficiently Impertinent, by fetting a wrong Value upon things which ought to be uled with more indifference. A Lady must not appear follicitous to ingros Respect to her felf, but be content with a reasonable Diffribution, and allow it to others, that the H 3 may

may have disternined to her She is not to be troublefomly mire, nor diffinguish her felf by being too deliente, asiff or dinary things were too course for ber in this is an dendramen yound offenford Pride, and where it is practifed, deferwether eparthenomornified anof which it foldom failethy She is hot we lear too much aport her Quality, much less to de spife those who are below it. Some make Quality an Idot and then their Reason must full down and worthing it they would have the World think, that no amends can ever be made for the want of a great Title; or ancient Code of Armos They imaginey that with these Advantages baker new stand

# fland upon the higher Grounds which maketh them look down upon Meritand Vertue, as things inferior to them. This Mistake wis notyrouly senceles, but criminal tod, in putting a greater Price upon

Luck, than upon things which are valuable months in themselves languing is enouncing by four such a Fally suit must be so werely whipped, as it justly constended, which either intenses It will be justly constended, which either intenses It will be justly constended, which either intenses I frequent Temperations given by pett Upa sum to have our judgment contupted in these Cases, but they are too be reliked, and their unight that is to be als

howed, is nathen those estimated H 4 new

was Edition will forget themfelves, fo as either to brag of their weak fide, corto endenwone to hide their Meannes by their Infolence ; (to) cure their by a little fcafohable Raillerg , a little Sharpnes well placed, without dwelhing too long upon it. Thefe and many vother skinds of Prided montostbel avoided. That which is to be recommended to you, is, an Em lation to raise your felf to a a Character, by which you may be distinguished, an Eagermelactor precedence in Kernid, and all fuch other things as may gain you a greater thare in the good Opinion of the Worldoy Esteem to Ventue ois like a cherifting Air to Plants and things

rollo P. R. Low B. A. gotter

and Elemers I which maketh them blow and profper 3 and for that reason it may be allowed to be in some degree the Cause as well as the Reward of it. That Pride which leadeth to a good End, cannot be a Vice, fince it is the beginning of a Kertue; and to be pleased with just in blaufe, vis forfao from being a Frank; that it would be an ill Symptom in a Woman, who should not place the greatest part of her Satisfaction in it. Humility is no doubt a great Kertue ; but it ceafeth to be for when it is afraid to form an ill thing. Against Vice and Pally it is becoming your Sex to be bught 15 but you must not carry the contempt of things brin

## 154 Advice to a Dangbeer.

things to arrogance towards Persons, and it must be done with fitting Distinctions, else it may be Inconvenient by being unleafonable. A A Pride that raiseth a little Anger to be out-done in any thing that is good, will have fo good an Effect, that it is very hard to situal Dislusque adorti wells no eafy matter to carry even between thefe differing kinds fo described a bar remember, that it is fafer for a Woman to that by being leftskingthout groweth to be indecent; Die, versions are the most properly to be appived, to case and radalde who are Oppreffed, by being too much Imploved; those that are lake bave

## DIKERSIONS 181

things to arrogance towards Perfore, and it must be done with fitting Distinctions, elle it may be Inconvenient by beobi DIVERSIONS gni that raiseth a little Anger to HE last thing I shall Ties o recommend to your is a wife and fafe method of wil fing Diversions 3 to be eagur in the purfuit of pleasure whilst you are Young, is dand gerous to catch at it in riper Years, is grasping a shadow that will not be held to beades that by being less maturalois groweth to be indecent; Diversions are the most properly to be applyed, to ease and refieve those who are Oppresfed, by being too much Imployed; those that are Idle have

have no need of them, and yet they above all others give themselves up to them to unbend our Thoughts, when they are too much stretched by our Cares, is not more natural than it is necessary, but to turn our whole Life into a Holy-Day, is not ridiculous, but destroyeth pleasure in-flead of promoting it; the mind like the body is tired by being always in one Posture, too ferious breaketh, and too diverting loofeneth it; It is Vanity that giveth the Relian to that Diversions too frequently repeated, grow first to be indifferent, and at last redious; whilst they are well cholen and well timed they are never to be blamed; but when

## DIVERSIONS. 157

when they are used to an Excels, though very Innocent at first, they often grow to be Criminal, and never fail to be Impertinent: Some Ladies are bespoken for Merry Meetings, as Beffus was for Duels; they are ingaged in a Circle of Idleness, where they turn without the Interruption of a ferious hour; they know all the Players Names, & are Intimately acquainted with all the Booths in Bartholomew-Fair, no Souldier is more Obedient to the found of his Captains Trumpet, than they are to that which summoneth them to a Poppit-Play or a Monster 3 the Spring that bringeth out Flies, and Fools maketh them Inhabitants when

भारतीय तो मांबल Park; न्यो पेतृह Winter they are an Indinibrance to the Play-House, and the Ballaft of the Drawing Rhom to the Areets all this while are to weary of there daily Faces that Mens Eyes are over-laid with them; the fight is glutted with fine things as the Stomach with Sweet ones a hand when a fair Ludy will give too much of her felf to the World, the groweth fullious, and oppresent inhead of pleasing! Ell somi nov There folly Ludies do fo continually feek Diversion, that in a little time they grow into a fest, yet are unwilling were feldom feen they would more be to offen langbed at 3 besides,

## DIKER SIONS 859

besides, they make themselves Cheap, than which there can not be an unkinder mord be stowed upon your Ser. To play sometimes, to entertain sometimes, to entertain self, is not to be disallowed, but to do it so often as to be called a Gamester, is to be an youded.

Next to the things that are most Criminal, it bath Consequences of several kinds not to be indured; it will ingage you into a habit of Idleness and ill hours, draw you into ill mixed Company, make you neglect your Civilities abroad, and your business at home, and impose into your Acquaintance such as will do you no Credit. To deep Play there will beget a deeper

a deeper Objection; it will give Occasion to the World to ask Spiteful Questions, how you dare venture to lose, and what means you have to pay fuch great summs. If you pay exactly, it will be enquired from whence the money cometh; if you owe, and especially to a Man, you must be so very Civil to him for his forbearance, that it layeth a ground of having it farther improved; if the Gentleman is fo disposed, who will be thought no unfair Creditor, if where the Estate layeth he feizeth upon the Person; befides, if a Lady could fee her own Face upon an ill Glance, at a deep Stake, the would certainly fortwear any thing that

manic

#### DANCING. 16 p that could put her looks under such a Disadvantage.

#### DANCING.

O Dance sometimes will not be imputed to you as a fault, but remember that the end of your Learning it, was, that you, might know the better how to move gracefully; it is only an advantage fo far; when it goeth beyond it, one may call it excelling in a Mistake, which is no very great Commendation: It is better for a Woman never to Dance, because she hath noskill in it, than to do it too often,

often wobecause the idath fit well d the eafielt as well as the fafest Method of doing it, is in private Companier, as as mongh particular Friends, and . then carelefly, like a Diverfon, rather than with Solemwith as if it was business or had any ching in it to deferve avoldenthe preparation by feribus Conficrence with a Blancethat Witand Verunshall sont Much more might be faid to all these heads, and many more might the added to shom what I must reducint my thoughts; which are kull of my Dear Child band would. overflow into a Volume, which would not be for for a New Tears Giffaith I will a conclude with my watmon Wifnes for all

#### EDI AdaONA SVORUGIEE.

all that is good rooyou, rehat you may live for as to be an Organient co your Family, and a Pattern to your Sext that you may be bleffed with a Husband that may value you, and with Children that may inherit your Vertue; that you may thine in the World by true Light, and filence Envy by deferring to be electred, that Wit and Vertue may both confpire to make you a great Figure when they are separated. The first is fo empty, and the other fe faint what they fcaree have right to be commended : May they therefore meet and never part 3 let them be your Guardian Angels, and be fure never fo tray out of the diftance of their

their joint-protection: May you so raise your Character, that you may help to make the next Age a better thing, and leave Posterity in your Debt for the advantage it shall receive by your Example: Let me conjure you, My Dearest, to comply with this kind Ambition of a Father, whose thoughts are so ingaged in your behalf, that he reckoneth your Happiness to be the greatest part of his own.

during the said cover cast sheet FINIS.

commended: May they there

